

CURSO  
POLLUTION CONTROLS FOR HAZARDOUS  
AND OTHER SUBSTANCES

JICA -OSAKA  
2006

Helio Tadashi Yamanaka

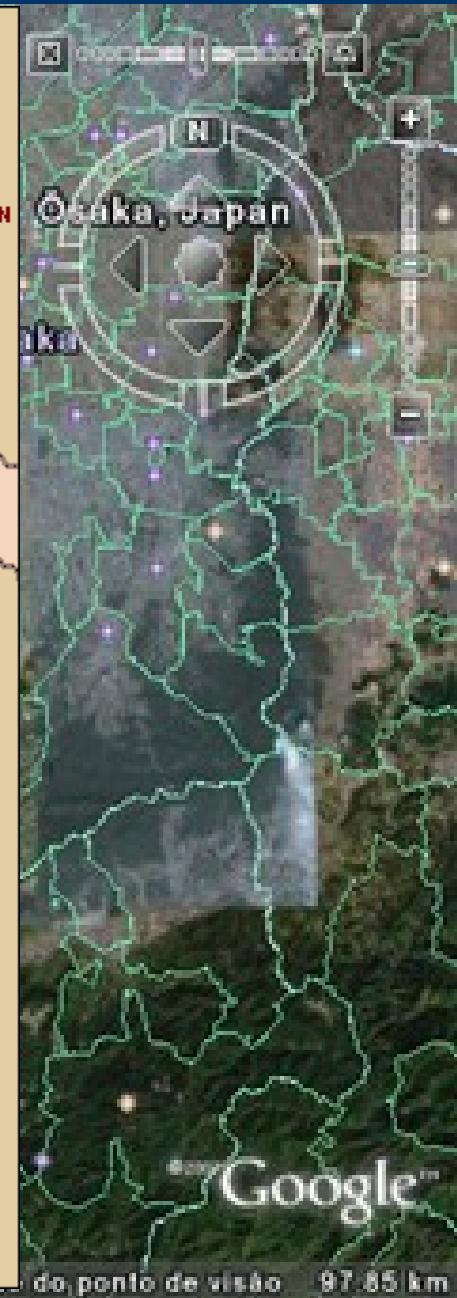
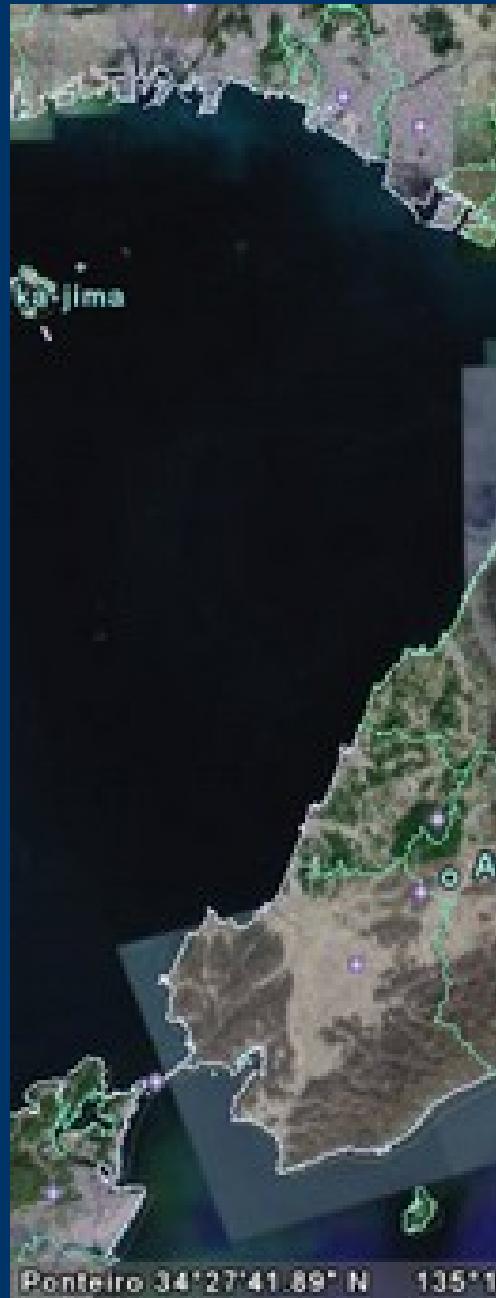
EINP

# ***PROGRAMA DO CURSO***

- APRENDER SOBRE A HISTÓRIA DA POLUIÇÃO POR SUBSTÂNCIAS PERIGOSAS
- APRENDER SOBRE EFEITOS À SAÚDE HUMANA PELA CONTAMINAÇÃO
- CONTROLE PELOS GOVERNOS LOCAIS E LEGISLAÇÃO
- MÉTODOS DE DETECÇÃO DE FONTES DE POLUIÇÃO
- TÉCNICAS RELACIONADAS A PROMOÇÃO DOS 3R
- TECNOLOGIAS DE TRATAMENTO DE RESÍDUOS, EFLUENTES E EMISSÕES POR MEIO DE VISITAS EM INDÚSTRIAS



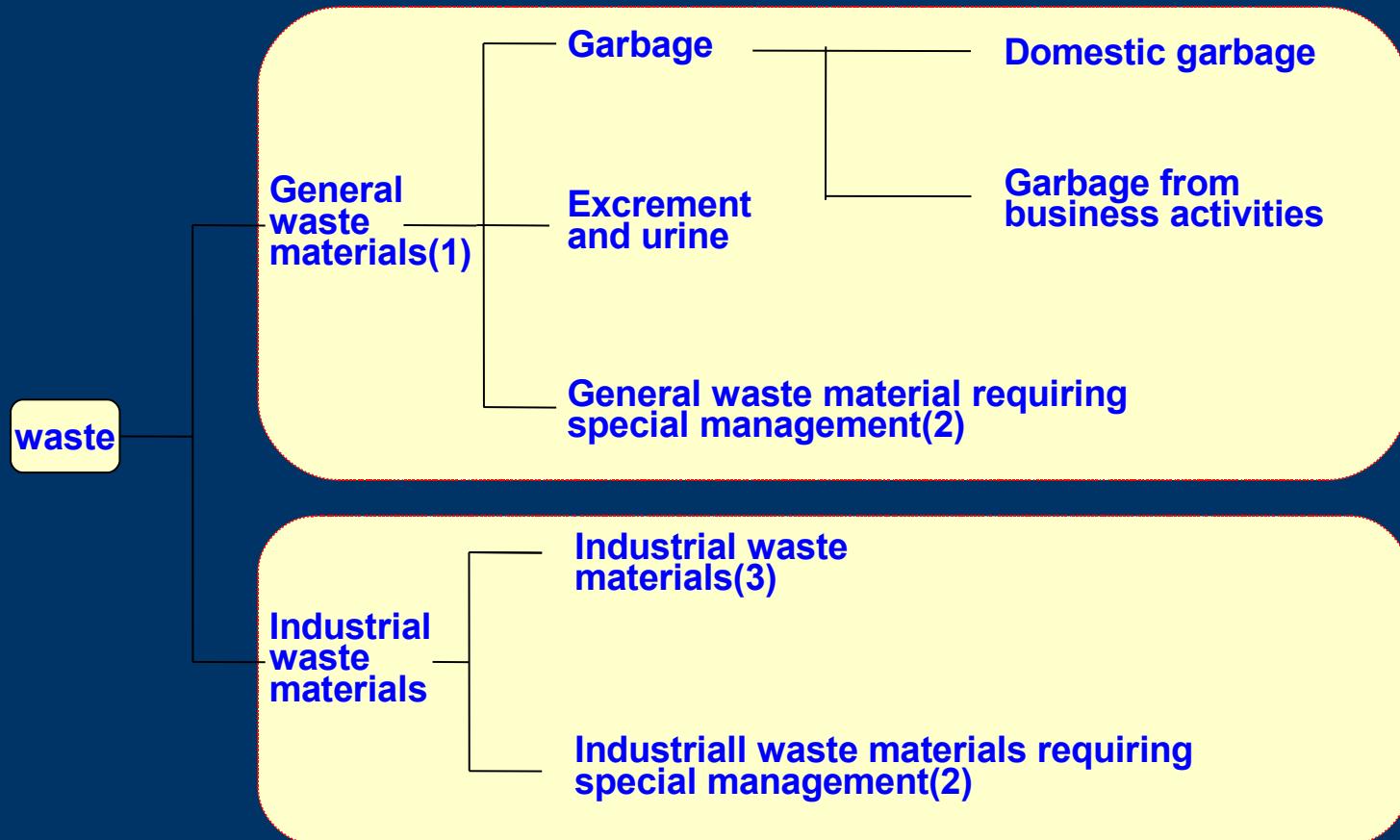
# OSAKA PREFECTURE



# *LEGISLAÇÃO*

- Environmental basic Law (1993)
  - Air Pollution Control Law
  - The law for the promotion of a Basic Recycling-oriented Society.
  - Water Pollution Control Law (1970)
-

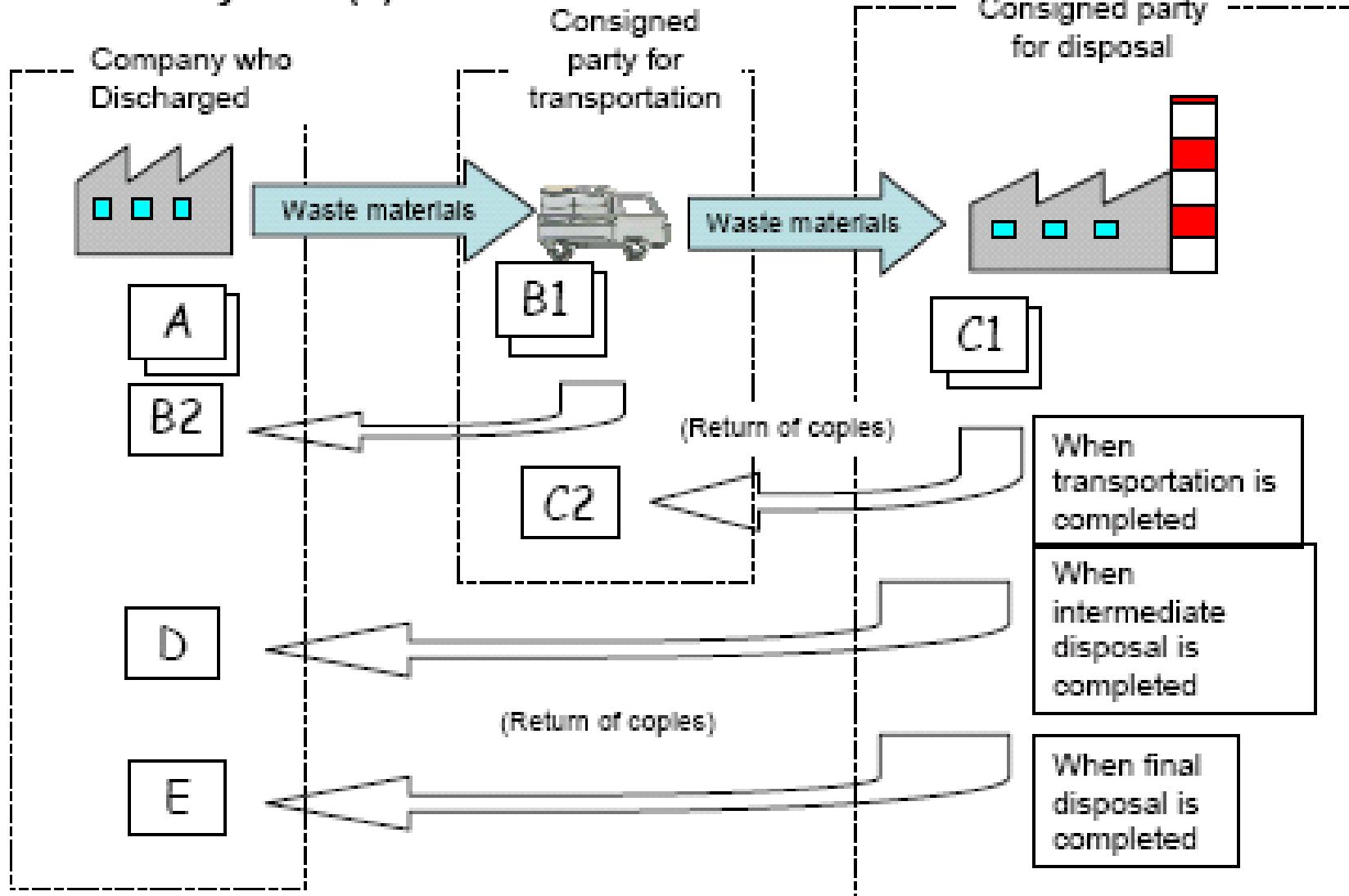
# RESÍDUOS



- 1 – waste materials other than the industrial waste materials
- 2- general or industrial waste materials with harmful properties such as explosive, toxic, infections etc
- 3- industrial waste materials resulting from business activities such as cinders, sludge, waste plastics, waste woods, waste metals, rubble, dust etc

# MANIFESTO PARA RESÍDUOS

## Manifest System (2)

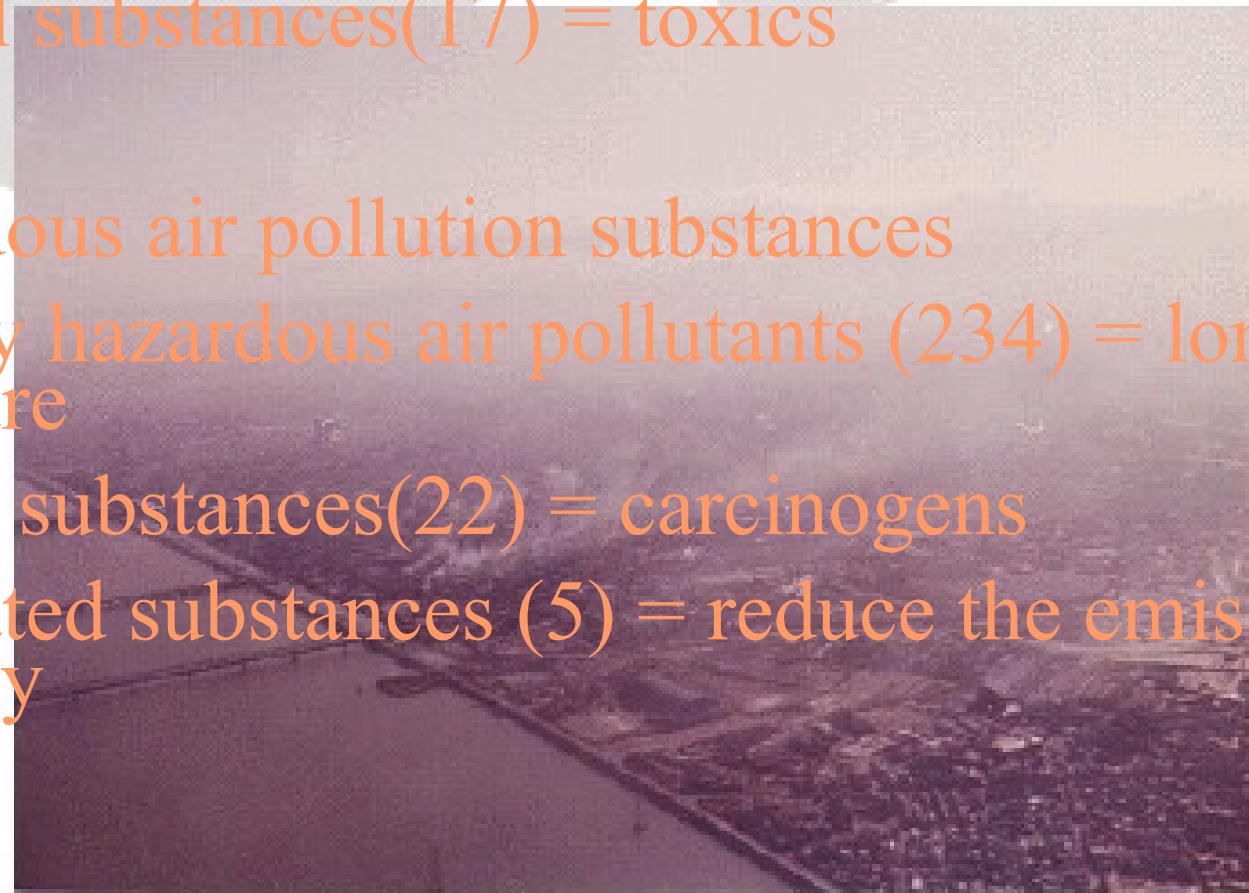


# AR

- Osaka Prefecture
  - designated harmful substances( 5) = carcinogens
  - harmful substances(17) = toxics

Air pollution in Osaka (in the 1960's)

- Hazardous air pollution substances
  - possibly hazardous air pollutants (234) = long term exposure
  - priority substances(22) = carcinogens
  - designated substances (5) = reduce the emission urgently



Bad visibility due to smoke and soot

Substances	Regulated by the Hazardous air pollution substances			
	Designated	Harmful	Priority	Designated
Acetaldehyde			X	
Acrylonitrile			X	
Anisidine		X		
Antimony and its compounds(Sb)		X		
Arsenic and its compounds(As)	X		X	
Benzene	X		X	X
Benzo-(a)-pyrene			X	
Beryllium and its compounds(Be)		X	X	
1,3-Butadiene			X	
Bromine(Br <sub>2</sub> )		X		
Cadmium and its compounds(Cd)		X		
Chromium hexa and its compounds( Cr VI)	X		X	
Chlorine(Cl <sub>2</sub> )		X		
Chloroethylene	X			
Chloroform			X	
Chloromethylmethylether			X	
Chloronitrobenzene		X		
Copper and its compounds(Cu)		X		
1,2-Dichloroethane			X	
Dichloromethane			X	X
Dioxins			X	X
N-Ethylaniline	X			
Ethylene oxide			X	
Formaldehyde	X	X		
Hydrogen chloride(HCl)	X			
Lead and its compounds(Pb)	X			
Manganese and its compounds(Mn)	X		X	
N-Methylaniline	X			
Mercury and its compounds(Hg)		X	X	
Nickel compounds(Ni)	X		X	
Phosgene(COCl <sub>2</sub> )		X		
Talc			X	
Tetrachloroethylene			X	X
Trichloroethylene			X	X
Vanadium and its compounds(V)		X		
Vinyl chloride monomer			X	



- 31 estações de monitoramento – Osaka Prefecture
- 94 estações de monitoramento municipais

# ÁGUA

- + 95 % Osaka Prefecture com rede de esgotos
- Environmental quality standards
  - toxic substances – para todas as águas
  - living environment items – rios e águas específicos, de acordo com o uso ( 73 corpos d'água dos 171 existentes)

## Toxic substances

Substances	Standards
Cadmium	0,01 mg/liter or less
Total cyanogen	Not detectable
Lead	0,01 mg/liter or less
Chromium(VI)	0,05 mg/liter or less
Arsenic	0,01 mg/liter or less
Total mercury	0,0005 mg/liter or less
Alkyl mercury	Not detectable
PCB	Not detectable
Dichloromethane	0,02 mg/liter or less
Carbon tetrachloride	0,002 mg/liter or less
1,2-dichloroethane	0,004 mg/liter or less
1,1-dichloroethane	0,02 mg/liter or less
Cis 1,2-dichloroethylene	0,04 mg/liter or less
1,1,1-trichloroethane	1 mg/liter or less
1,1,2-trichloroethane	0,006 mg/liter or less
Trichloroethylene	0,03 mg/liter or less
Tetrachloroethylene	0,01 mg/liter or less
1,3-dichloropropene	0,002 mg/liter or less
Thiram	0,006 mg/liter or less
Simazine	0,003 mg/liter or less
Thiobencarb	0,02 mg/liter or less
Benzene	0,01 mg/liter or less
Selenium	0,01 mg/liter or less
Borom	1 mg/liter or less
Fluoride	0,8 mg/liter or less
Nitrate-N, nitrite-N	10 mg/liter or less





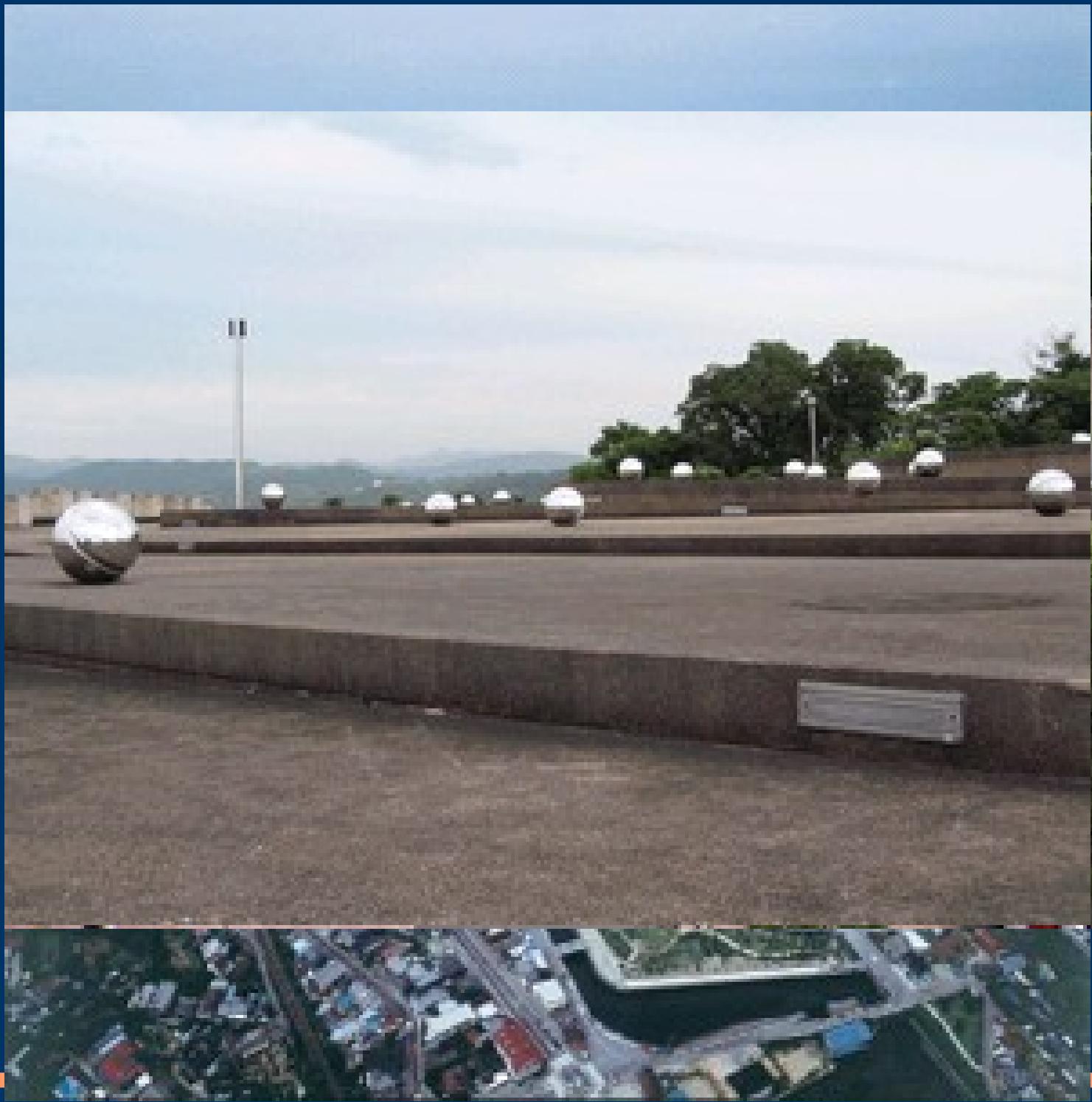
# *Minamata*

- Primeiros casos na década de 50
- Terra dos gatos loucos
- Vilas de pescadores e 1 fábrica - Chisso
- Crescimento acelerado pós-guerra



## *Mais fatos*

- 1956 – primeiro “caso oficial”
- Número aproximado de 12.000 pessoas atingidas;
- Estima-se que de 70 a 150 toneladas de Hg foram lançadas na baía;
- Projeto Recuperação da baía 1977 – 1990
- Custo de 40 bilhões de ienes( aprox. US\$ 360 milhões)
- 713 vítimas vivas(2006)



# **“NOVAS TECNOLOGIAS”**

- IRON-POWDER REMEDIATION METHOD;
- ÁGUA SUBCRÍTICA
- ATERROS OCEÂNICOS
- CARBONIZAÇÃO DE RESÍDUOS(PIRÓLISE)
- USINA TRATAMENTO PCB

# *Carbonização de resíduos*

## Biomass Carbonization Products

Biomass

Carbonization/liquefying/distillation



Solid

liquid

gas

Charcoal,  
Char

Wood vinegar,  
Tar, Pitch

Hydrocarbon gas

Agriculture

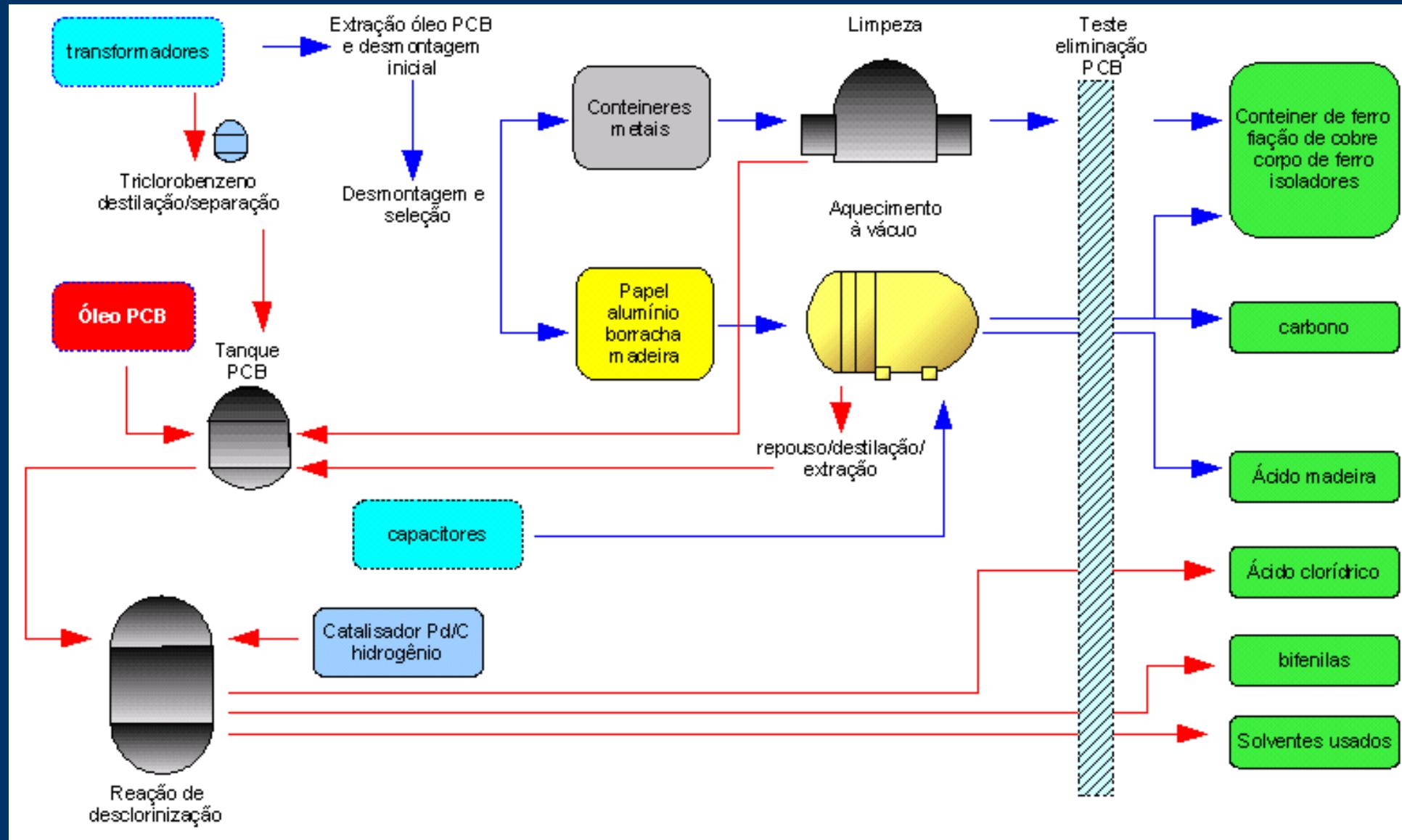
Agriculture,  
thermal energy

Thermal energy

# *Carbonização de resíduos*

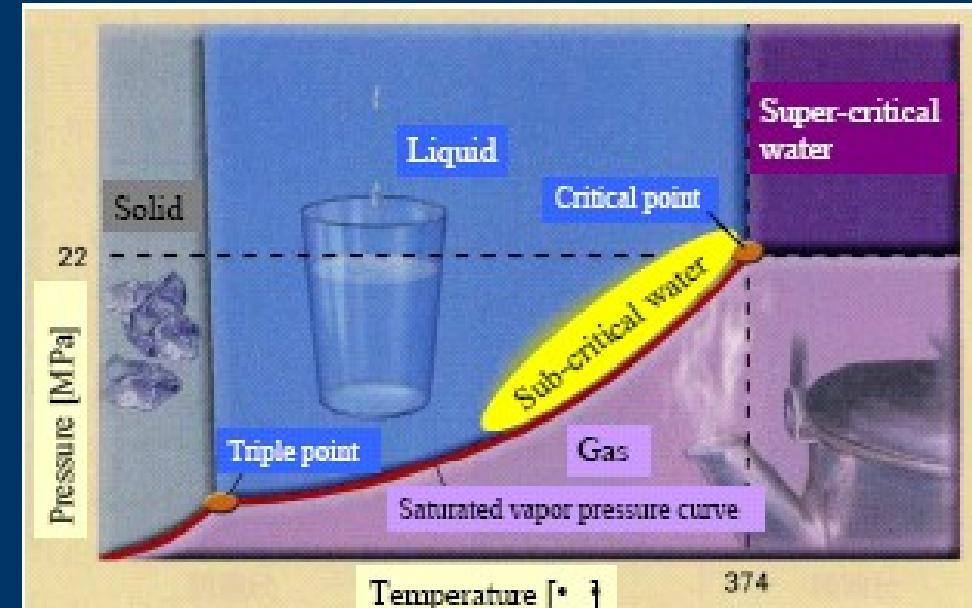


# PLANTA TRATAMENTO PCB



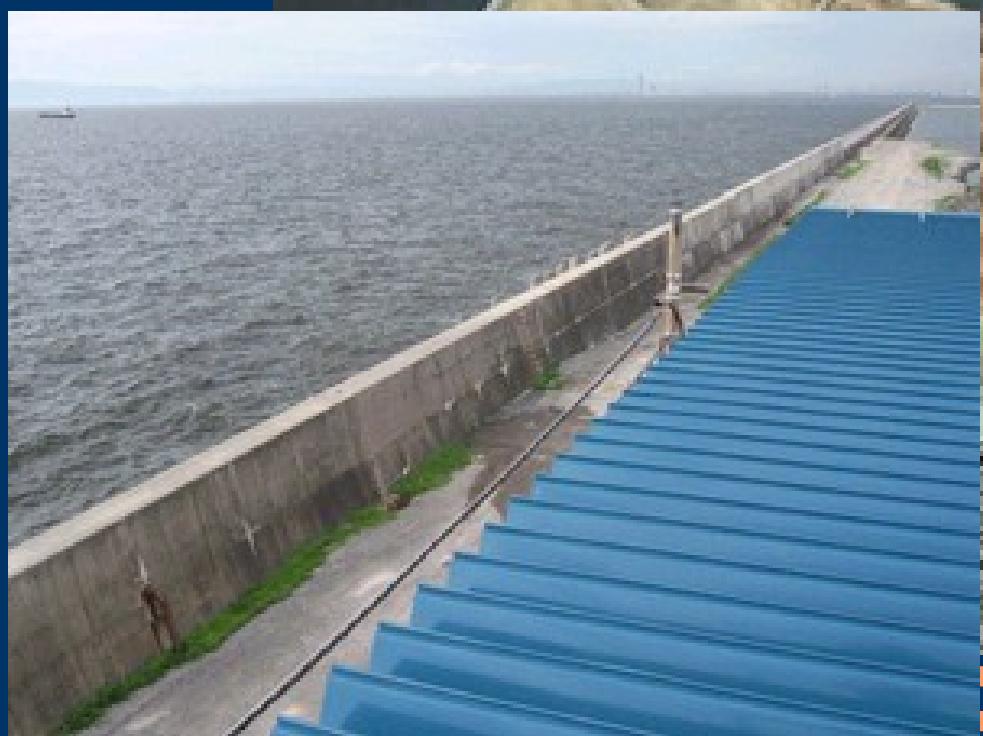


# Água subcrítica



# *PROJETO PHOENIX*

- ATERRO NA BAIA DE OSAKA
- RESÍDUOS DE 6 PROVÍNCIAS DA REGIÃO DE KINKI
- COMEÇO DAS OBRAS EM 1991
- PREVISÃO DE OPERAÇÃO ATÉ 2023



# OBRIGADO !

